

Vento  
Walsh  
Waters  
Watt (NC)

Waxman  
Weiner  
Wexler  
Weygand

Wise  
Wolf  
Wu

## NAYS—213

Abercrombie	Goode	Peterson (PA)
Archer	Goodlatte	Petri
Army	Goodling	Pickering
Bachus	Goss	Pitts
Baker	Graham	Pombo
Baldwin	Granger	Portman
Ballenger	Green (WI)	Pryce (OH)
Barr	Gutknecht	Radanovich
Barrett (NE)	Hall (TX)	Ramstad
Bartlett	Hastings (WA)	Regula
Barton	Hayworth	Reynolds
Bass	Hefley	Rivers
Bateman	Herger	Rogan
Bereuter	Hill (MT)	Rogers
Biggart	Hilleary	Rohrabacher
Bilbray	Hobson	Ros-Lehtinen
Bilirakis	Hoekstra	Roukema
Blunt	Horn	Royce
Boehner	Hostettler	Ryan (WI)
Bonilla	Hulshof	Ryun (KS)
Bono	Hutchinson	Salmon
Brady (TX)	Inslee	Sanford
Bryant	Isakson	Saxton
Burr	Istook	Scarborough
Burton	Jackson (IL)	Schaffer
Buyer	Jenkins	Sensenbrenner
Calvert	Johnson (CT)	Serrano
Camp	Johnson, Sam	Sessions
Campbell	Jones (NC)	Shadegg
Canady	Kasich	Shaw
Cannon	Kingston	Shays
Chabot	Klecza	Sherwood
Chambliss	Kucinich	Shimkus
Chenoweth	Kuykendall	Simpson
Coble	LaHood	Skeen
Coburn	Largent	Smith (MI)
Collins	Latham	Smith (NJ)
Combest	LaTourette	Smith (TX)
Condit	Leach	Souder
Cook	Lee	Spence
Cooksey	Lewis (CA)	Stark
Cox	Lewis (KY)	Stearns
Crane	Linder	Stump
Cubin	Lipinski	Sununu
Cunningham	LoBiondo	Sweeney
Danner	Lofgren	Talent
Deal	Lucas (OK)	Tancredo
DeFazio	Manzullo	Taylor (MS)
DeGette	McCollum	Taylor (NC)
DeLay	McCrery	Terry
DeMint	McInnis	Thomas
Dickey	McIntosh	Thornberry
Doggett	McKeon	Thune
Doolittle	McKinney	Tiahrt
Dreier	Metcalf	Toomey
Duncan	Mica	Towns
Dunn	Miller (FL)	Upton
Ehlers	Miller, Gary	Visclosky
Emerson	Mink	Walden
English	Moran (KS)	Wamp
Everett	Myrick	Watkins
Ewing	Nethercutt	Watts (OK)
Fletcher	Ney	Weldon (FL)
Foley	Northup	Weldon (PA)
Fossella	Norwood	Weller
Fowler	Nussle	Whitfield
Gallegly	Ose	Wicker
Ganske	Packard	Wilson
Gekas	Paul	Woolsey
Gibbons	Pease	Young (AK)
Gillmor	Peterson (MN)	Young (FL)

## NOT VOTING—8

Aderholt	Mollohan	Tauzin
Blagojevich	Shuster	Wynn
Hansen	Slaughter	

□ 2018

Mrs. BONO changed her vote from "yea" to "nay."

So the Senate concurrent resolution was not concurred in.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1480, WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1999

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 106-120) on the resolution (H. Res. 154) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1480) to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, to authorize the United States Army Corps of Engineers to construct various projects for improvements to rivers and harbors of the United States, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

## REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 833

Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 833.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

## ANNOUNCEMENT OF AMENDMENT PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 833

(Mr. HASTINGS of Washington asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HASTINGS of Florida. Mr. Speaker, the Committee on Rules is planning to meet the week of May 2 to grant a rule which may limit the amendment process for floor consideration of H.R. 833, the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1999.

Earlier today the Committee on the Judiciary ordered H.R. 833 reported and is expected to file its committee report tomorrow, Thursday, April 29. Any Member wishing to offer an amendment should submit 55 copies and a brief explanation of the amendment to the Committee on Rules in room H-312 of the Capitol by 3 p.m. on Monday, May 3. Amendments should be drafted to the amendment in the nature of a substitute ordered reported by the Committee on the Judiciary. Copies of this amendment may be obtained from the Committee on the Judiciary. It is also expected to be posted on the committee's web site.

Members should also use the Office of Legislative Counsel to ensure that their amendments are properly drafted, and should check with the Office of the Parliamentarian to be certain their amendments comply with the House rules.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will now recognize Members for the purpose of 1-minute speeches.

## ADMINISTRATION SHOULD EMBRACE ALL ATTEMPTS FOR PEACE IN BALKANS

(Mr. GIBBONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GIBBONS. Mr. Speaker, my colleagues and I have asked the Russian government to work constructively towards a resolution of the Balkans crisis, and I am happy to say that the Russian government has responded in the hopes of achieving a workable solution.

Unfortunately, the administration has missed what I and many of my colleagues consider a tremendous opportunity to end this conflict and the bloodshed on both sides.

I commend our counterparts in the Russian Duma and the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WELDON) for their efforts in furthering this option which relies on diplomacy instead of smart bombs.

Mr. Speaker, this proposal includes Serbia's compliance with all NATO conditions, an end to ethnic cleansing, deployment of international troops to Kosovo, and all under a United Nations sanctioned monitoring group.

As a veteran who understands the horrors of war, I believe that we, as a Nation, would regret not pursuing a peaceful solution to this conflict, a conflict which has already caused a humanitarian disaster and potentially thousands of lives, military and civilian alike.

I hope the administration will embrace this effort for peace in the Balkans.

## CONGRESS AND NATION SHOULD UNITE TO STAND FOR PRINCIPLE, FOR OUR ALLIANCE, AND FOR FREEDOM

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I was elected to this House on May 19, 1981 in a special election. I had decided to get into politics when JOHN KENNEDY ran for President of the United States and he gave an inaugural address, what I think was probably the most famous in our history, perhaps. He said that this Nation would pay any price, bear any burden to defend freedom here and around the world.

I love this institution. I am proud that I am a Member of the House of Representatives. But I have served no worse day than this one in the House of Representatives.

The previous speaker talked about the cooperation of our Russian allies. I agree with that proposition. But more importantly is the cooperation of each of us in a nonpartisan, bipartisan way to say that when our Nation and when our leader makes a determination to confront tyranny, dictatorship and genocide, that we will stand together.